

*In the Name of God, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful*

# **The DiskSim Simulation Environment Quick Guide**

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# Agenda

- In this guide we present:
  - DiskSim capabilities
  - SSD Extention
  - Install DiskSim
  - Run DiskSim
  - Configure DiskSim
  - DiskSim Validation results

# What is DiskSim

- Accurate, Highly-Configurable Storage **Subsystem** Simulator
- Developed in Parallel Data Laboratory, Carnegie Mellon
- Capabilities:
  - Simulate a hierarchy of storage components such as buses and controllers (e.g. RAID arrays) as well as disks
  - Using for performance evaluation
  - Can be integrated into full system simulators as a disk model
  - Model performance behaviour, but not actual data for each request.

# SSD Extension

- Developed by Microsoft Research
- Provide limited support for solid-state-disk (SSD) simulation.
- Not a simulator for any specific SSD, but rather a simulator for an idealized and parameterized SSD (was not Validated)
- Patches over DiskSim
- Patched version Available in the DSN Lab. resource directory.

# Installation

- DiskSim developed in Linux environment
- Visual Studio port available by Microsoft Research
- Ready to make DiskSim is available in resources directory
- Make sure that you have installed build-essential packages
- Just need a make to install
- Kdevelop 3.5 project file also available in the package

# Directory Structure

```
~/disksim-4.0$ tree -d -L 1
|-- diskmodel
|-- doc
|-- include
|-- lib
|-- libddbgbg
|-- libparam
|-- memsmodel
|-- src
|-- ssdmodel
|-- utils
|-- valid
|-- w32build
```

# Run DiskSim

```
disksim <parfile> <outfile> <tracetype> <tracefile> <synthgen> [p.o]
```

- **<parfile>** : parameter file
- **<outfile>** : output file (redirect to terminal by "stdout")
- **<tracetype>** : format of input trace file
- **<tracefile>** : trace file used as input
- **<synthgen>** : activate synthetic workload generator
- **[p.o]** : allow parfile parameter override

- **Example :**

```
$. /disksim ssd-sr250k.parv ssd-sr250k.outv ascii 0 1
```

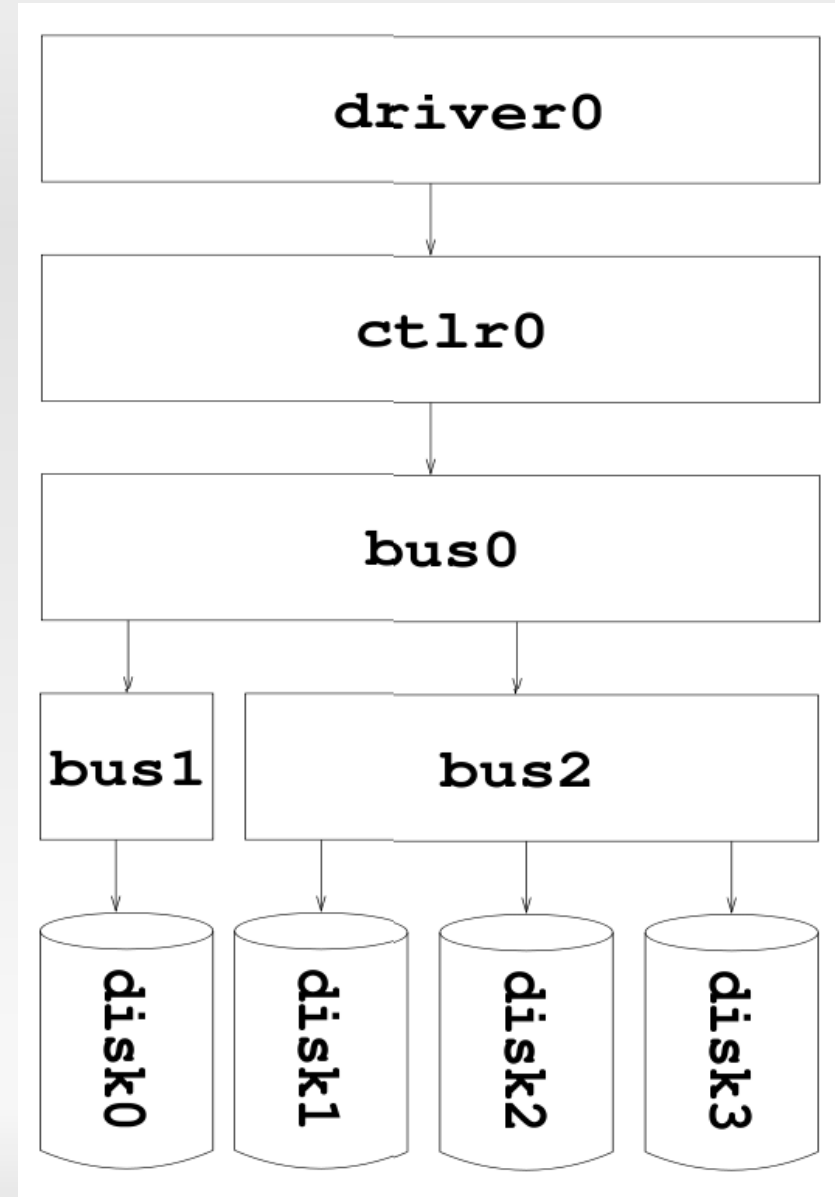
# Parameters

- Global
  - Warm-up los
  - Init Seed
  - ...
- I/O Simulator
  - I/O trace time scale
  - Location and size scale and offset
  - ...



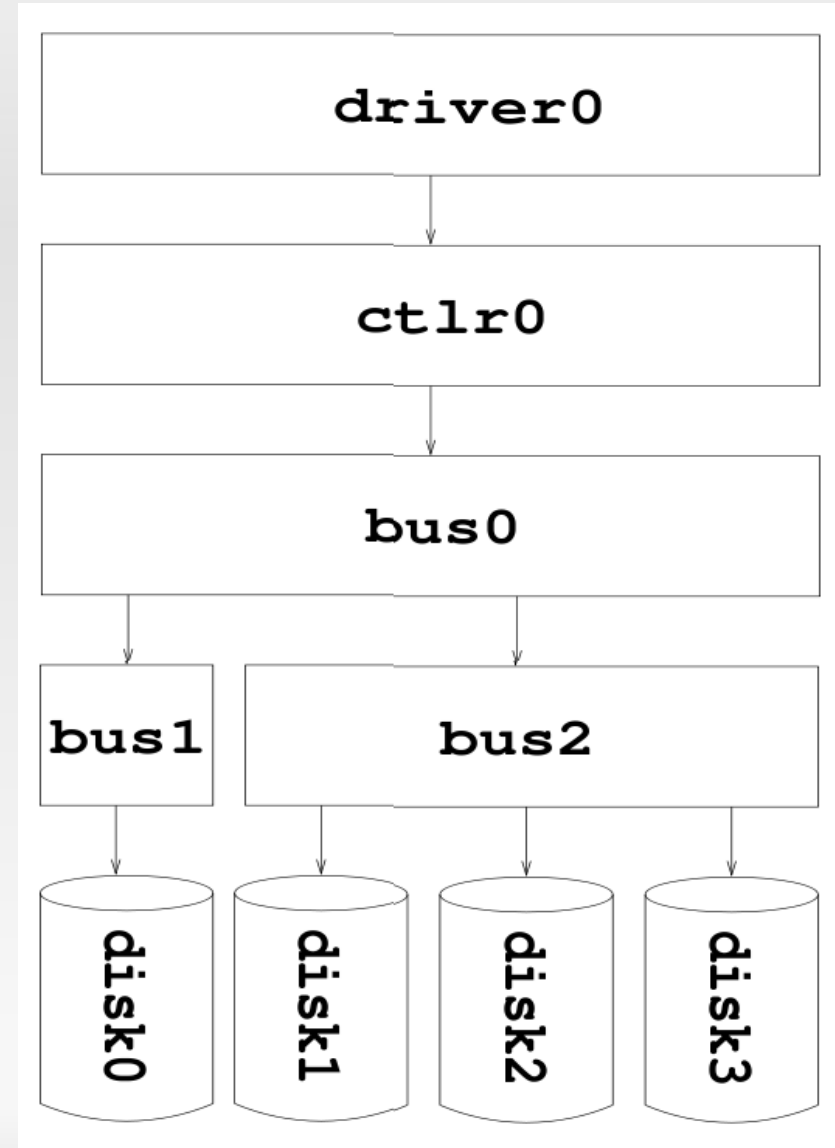
# Parameters

- 5 main components of I/O Subsystem:
  - Device Driver
  - Controller
  - Bus
  - Storage Device
  - 2 sub-components:
    - Queue/Scheduler
    - Cache



# Parameters

```
# system topology
topology disksim_iodriver driver0 [
  disksim_bus bus0 [
    disksim_ctlr ctlr0 [
      disksim_bus bus1 [
        disksim_disk disk0 []
      ] # end of bus1
      disksim_bus bus2 [
        disksim_disk disk1 []
        disksim_disk disk2 []
        disksim_disk disk3 []
      ] # end of bus2
    ] # end of ctlr0
  ] # end of bus0
] # end of system topology
```



- More topology examples (RAID5) available in valid directory

# Input Wrokloads

- Traces

```
W Hit 30953 54 17003.750000 12394.170572
```

```
R Hit 1879119 12 10395.750000 9725.032928
```

```
W Hit 288703 8 10858.750000 9405.356666
```

...

- Synthetic Workloads

- Highly configurable
- Multiple generator
- Each synthetic execute as a process

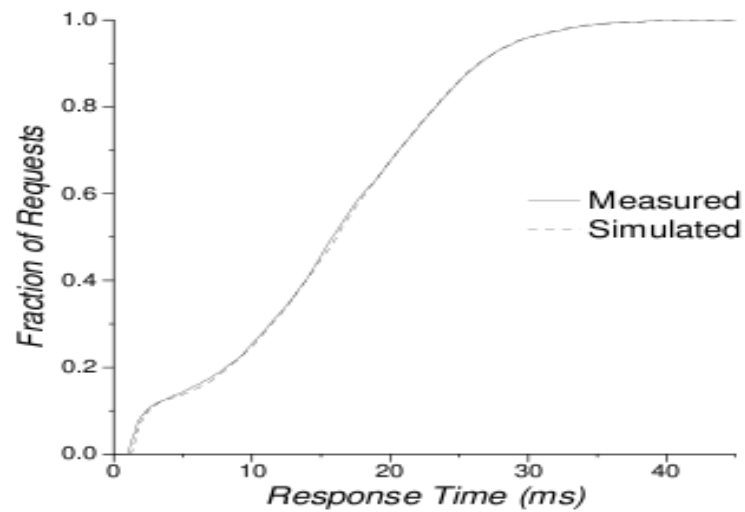
# Simulation Results

- Collection of Statistical Results
  - Logical Organization Statistics
    - #read/write
    - #seq. read/write
  - I/O Driver Statistics
    - Idle time
    - Response time
  - Disk/SSD Statistics
    - Idle time
    - Response time
    - IOPS

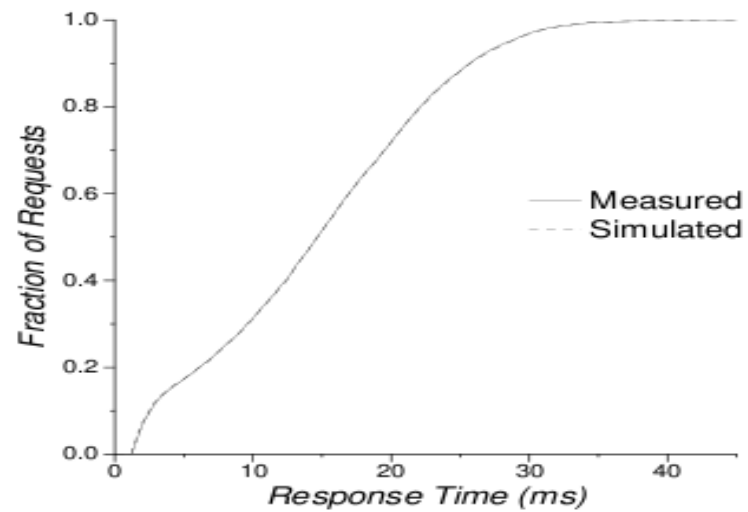
# Simulation Results

- Bus Statistics
  - Utilization time
  - #arbitrations
- Controller Statistics
  - Report disk cache subcomponent statistics
  - #misses/hits
  - #destages

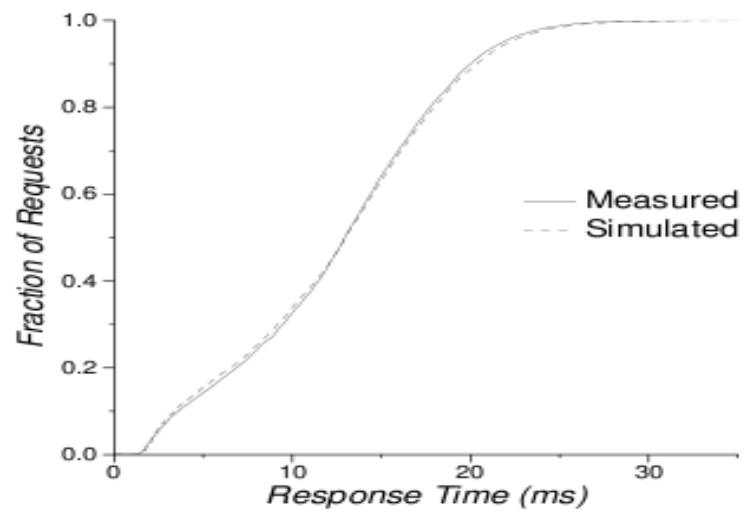
# Validation



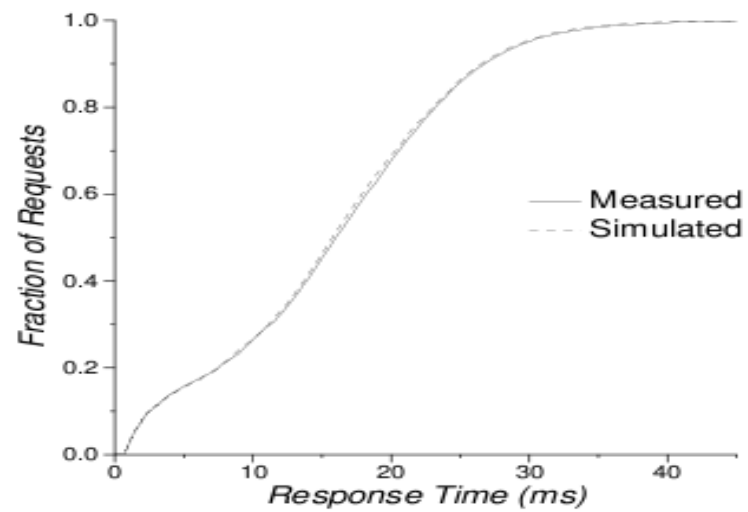
(a) DEC RZ26



(b) Seagate Elite ST41601N



(c) HP C2490A



(d) HP C3323A